

FRAMEWORK FOR NEUROSPHERE GROWTH MODELLING UNDER PHASE CONTRAST MICROSCOPE

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 "Undifferentiated biological cell with the following properties: selfrenewal, multi-potency, and tissue (re)generation" (wikipedia)



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- Neural stem cell history:
 - first described in 1989 (Temple, 89)
 - first isolated in 1992 (Reynolds and Weiss, 92)





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Clinical application of NSC for regenerative medicine (Lindwall et al., 2004)





 Free-floating spherical cluster of neural stem cells and progenitor stem cells











 Free-floating spherical cluster of neural stem cells and progenitor stem cells











► Neurosphere Formation Assay (Reynolds and Weiss, 92)



Neurosphere Formation Assay (Reynolds and Weiss, 92)



a - cell extraction from mouse brain



Neurosphere Formation Assay (Reynolds and Weiss, 92)



b - floating culture in serum-free solution with growth factor



• Neurosphere Formation Assay (Reynolds and Weiss, 92)



c - cell proliferation under incubation conditions (controlled T°, CO₂, etc.)



► Neurosphere Formation Assay (Reynolds and Weiss, 92)



d - new generation from cultured cells

e - introduction of differentiation factor into the culture



Neurosphere Formation Assay (Reynolds and Weiss, 92)



f - differentiation of the cells into specialised brain cells

















7 days observation at x4



5 days observation at x10











Enhanced monitoring of the proliferation sequence of the NFA





- Enhanced monitoring of the proliferation sequence of the NFA
- Gather possible relevant data on cells configuration in the sphere





- Enhanced monitoring of the proliferation sequence of the NFA
- Gather possible relevant data on cells configuration in the sphere
- Enhanced observation of drug effects over cells proliferation





Improve knowledge and control on neural stem cell for clinical application



Determine cells configuration over time of the neurosphere growth



Determine cells configuration over time of the neurosphere growth

- Limitations of the experiments
 - phase contrast microscopy
 - no bio-marker
 - low temporal resolution (15 min/img)
 - dimensional difference between 3-D culture and 2-D modality



FRAMEWORK









site 1

site 2

site 3

site n





Analysis Module: Extraction of relevant information from image

- neurosphere detection
- image restoration
- cell detection





Synthesis Module: Generation of multiple possible cell configuration

- prior knowledge
- information from analysis module







Selection Module: Rate and rank all the models based on the image

- 3-D to 2-D registration







Visualisation: Merging of both model and image



FRAMEWORK







- Introduction
- Analysis Module
- Generation Module
- Selection Module
- Results and Visualisation
- Conclusion





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ANALYSIS MODULE

Analyse and extract information from the microscope image



Analyse and extract information from the microscope image

Three processes pipeline





ANALYSIS MODULE





ANALYSIS MODULE



• Temporal detection using Σ - Δ filter (Manzanera and Richefeu, 07)




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Phase contrast image restoration (Yin et. al., 12)





Phase contrast image restoration (Yin et. al., 12)

 $g(x) = || l_s(x) - l_d(x) ||^2$





Phase contrast image restoration (Yin et. al., 12)

 $g(x) = || l_s(x) - l_d(x) ||^2$

$$l_{s}(x) = i\theta_{p}Ae^{i\beta}$$

$$l_{d}(x) = i\theta_{c}Ae^{i(\beta - f(x))} + (i\theta_{p} - 1)\theta_{c}Ae^{i(\beta - f(x))} \times airy(r)$$





Phase contrast image restoration (Yin et. al., 12)

 $g(x) \propto (\delta(r) - airy(r)) * f(x) + C$





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Phase contrast image restoration (Yin et. al., 12)

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Precision	Recall	F-score
0.874	0.898	0.886

▶ 19 time lapse sequences from 130 to 300 images



Precision	Recall	F-score
0.874	0.898	0.886

- I9 time lapse sequences from 130 to 300 images
- Process limits
 - dust
 - large cell deformation









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- Generates a set of possible cells configurations using
 - analysis module
 - prior knowledge



- Generates a set of possible cells configurations using
 - analysis module
 - prior knowledge

- Two generation processes
 - evolution algorithm
 - primal / dual mesh



PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

Three major knowledge

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PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

- Three major knowledge
 - proliferation speed

cell division speed



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SYNTHESIS MODULE

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

- Three major knowledge
 - proliferation speed
 - structural constrains

minimal **distance** between cells maximal **compression** of a cell



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SYNTHESIS MODULE

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE

- Three major knowledge
 - proliferation speed
 - structural constrains
 - visual appearance

phase contrast intensity



Search algorithm inspired from biological evolution



Search algorithm inspired from biological evolution





Search algorithm inspired from biological evolution



 Definition of mutation and mating process, based on individual representation



EVOLUTION ALGORITHM



Mutation : local translation

$$T_v(c_i^o) = c_i^p + v$$





EVOLUTION ALGORITHM

Mutation : local translation

$$T_v(c_i^o) = c_i^p + v$$



Mating : rand cross mix $c_i^o = \alpha c_i^p + \beta c_i^q$





EVOLUTION ALGORITHM



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EVOLUTION ALGORITHM

• GPU Implementation:





• GPU Implementation:





Hypothesis of a sphere packing problem







Hypothesis of a sphere packing problem



- Use of a Quad Edge Mesh structure (Guibas and Stolfi, 85)
 - constant radius
 - favor horizontal proliferation before vertical



Horizontal layer proliferation





Horizontal layer proliferation
























Horizontal layer proliferation





Depth calculation



SYNTHESIS MODULE

DELAUNAY MESH

New layer proliferation









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 Evaluate each generated model based on similarity with the current microscope observation

▶ 3-D to 2-D registration problematic













Dimensional relation in registration (Markelj et. al., 12)





Dimensional relation in registration (Markelj et. al., 12)





Dimensional relation in registration (Markelj et. al., 12)

$$Proj(T(X_{mov}^{3d})) = T(X_{mov}^{2d}) = Y_{fix}^{2d} \quad Y_{fix}^{3d} = T(X_{mov}^{3d}) = Bproj(T(X_{mov}^{2d}))$$







Dimensional relation in registration (Markelj et. al., 12)

$$Proj(T(X_{mov}^{3d})) = T(X_{mov}^{2d}) = Y_{fix}^{2d} \quad Y_{fix}^{3d} = T(X_{mov}^{3d}) = Bproj(T(X_{mov}^{2d})) \quad Y_{fix}^{3d} = T(X_{mov}^{3d}) = Rec(T(X_{mov}^{2d}))$$

2D silhouette

3D Data

3D Reconstruction





















 $E(m) = E_{shape}(p(m),I) + E_{texture}(p(m),I) + E_{violation}(m)$

external

internal





Gradient descent optimisation process

Rigid geometrical transform

Linear interpolation





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Application of the framework on different datasets



Application of the framework on different datasets





Application of the framework on different datasets



- Observation of the results
 - over an entier sequence
 - at different time of the proliferation














































RESULTS AND VISUALISATION

PRIMAL DUAL DELAUNAY









RESULTS AND VISUALISATION

PRIMAL DUAL DELAUNAY











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 Modelling framework for the observation of neural stem cell proliferation in vitro culture

Three modules based framework





- Methodology for neurosphere observation
 - visualisation modality
 - structure monitoring

A push toward the promotion of 3-dimensional culture





Two modelling methods





- Two modelling methods
 - evolution algorithm

High flexibility

Low control Low dynamical information



- Two modelling methods
 - evolution algorithm
 - primal dual mesh structure

High flexibility	High control High dynamical information
Low control Low dynamical information	Low flexibility



CONCLUSION

PERSPECTIVES

Middle ground between EA and Delaunay generation process

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CONCLUSION

PERSPECTIVES

- Middle ground between EA and Delaunay generation process
- Cross validation of both models



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CONCLUSION

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 Merge both processes toward a mesh structure generated using evolution algorithm







Build a model database

- Analysis on
 - possible **patterns** of configuration
 - drug effects on proliferation and configuration

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PERSPECTIVES

- Apply on new microscopy modalities
 - light sheet microscopy
 - Integrated Autonomous Microscope System project (A*STAR JCO grant)

- International Conferences
 - <u>S. U. Rigaud</u>, C.-H. Huang, S. Ahmed, Joo-Hwee Lim, and D. Racoceanu. "An analysis- synthesis approach for neurosphere modeling." *EMBC*, pp 1–6, 2013.
 - <u>S. U. Rigaud</u>, N. Loménie, S. Sankaran, S. Ahmed, Joo-Hwee Lim, and D. Racoceanu. "Neurosphere fate prediction: An analysis-synthesis approach for feature extraction". *IJCNN*, pp 1–7, 2012.
 - <u>S. U. Rigaud</u> and Nicolas Loménie. "Neural stem cell tracking with phase contrast video microscopy". *SPIE Medical Imaging*, pp 796230–796236, 2011.
- White Journals
 - H. Irshad, <u>S. U. Rigaud</u>, and A. Gouaillard. "Primal/dual mesh with application to triangular/simplex mesh and Delaunay/Voronoi". *Insight Journal*, pp 1–14, 2012.
 - <u>S. U. Rigaud</u> and A. Gouaillard. "Incremental Delaunay triangulation". *Insight Journal,* pp 1–5, 2012.
 - <u>S. U. Rigaud</u> and A. Gouaillard. "Walk in a triangulation : Straight walk". *Insight Journal*, pp 1–3, 2012.
- Peer-reviewed Journals
 - In preparation





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